

1 Cor. 11:32
When may we not be
condemned with the world?

1 Cor. 11:33
What does Paul tell the
Corinthian brethren to do
when they come together
to eat?

1 Cor. 11:33
When are the Corinthian
brethren to wait for one
another?

1 Cor. 11:34
If anyone is hungry, what
are they to do?

1 Cor. 11:34
A person should eat at
home if they are what?

1 Cor. 11:34
Paul says that "you come
together for judgment" if
what?

1 Cor. 11:34
Paul says that a hungry
person should eat at home,
lest what happen?

1 Cor. 11:34
When will Paul set the rest
in order?

1 Cor. 11:34
When Paul comes, he will
do what?

1 Cor. 15:1
What was Paul declaring to
the Corinthian brethren?

1 Cor. 15:1, 2
What gospel was Paul
declaring to the Corinthian
brethren? (4 points) (Give
verses)

1 Cor. 15:1
What did the Corinthian
brethren stand in?

1 Cor. 15: 1, 2
I declare to you the _____
which I _____ to you, which
also you _____ and in which
you _____, by which also you
are _____,"

1 Cor. 15:2
The Corinthian brethren
are saved by the gospel
declared to them if they do
what?

1 Cor. 15:2
What do the Corinthian
brethren need to hold fast
to in order to be saved?

When they come
together to eat

Wait for one another

When we are judged

If a hungry person
does not eat at home

Hungry

Eat at home

Set the rest in order

"When I come"

"You come together
for judgment"

The gospel

1. The gospel which I
preached to you (vs. 1)
2. The gospel which you
received (vs. 1)
3. The gospel in which
you stand (vs. 1)
4. The gospel by which
you are saved (vs. 2)

"The gospel which I
preached to you"

"That word which I
preached to you"

"Hold fast that word
which I preached to
you"

gospel, preached,
received, stand, saved

1 Cor. 15:2

If the Corinthian brethren do not hold fast to the word which Paul preached to them, they what?

1 Cor. 15:3

What did Paul first deliver to the Corinthian brethren?

1 Cor. 15:3-8

What did Paul first deliver to the Corinthian brethren? (9 points)

1 Cor. 15:5-8

List all who saw Christ after his resurrection. (6 points)

1 Cor. 15:3

Christ died for what?

1 Cor. 15:3

Christ died for our sins according to what?

1 Cor. 15:4

According to the Scriptures, when did Christ rise again?

1 Cor. 15:5

Who was the first one Paul mentions as having seen Christ after His resurrection?

1 Cor. 15:5

Who saw Christ after Cephas did?

1 Cor. 15:6

How many brethren saw the resurrected Christ at one time?

1 Cor. 15:6

What have happened to the over 500 brethren who saw Christ at once?

1 Cor. 15:6

How many of the over 500 brethren remain to the present?

1 Cor. 15:6

How many of the over 500 brethren have fallen asleep?

1 Cor. 15:7

Who saw Christ after the over 500 brethren?

1 Cor. 15:7

Who saw Christ after James?

1. That Christ died for our sins
2. That he was buried
3. That He rose again the third day
4. That He was seen by Cephas
5. That He was seen by the twelve
6. That He was seen by over 500 brethren at once
7. That He was seen by James
8. That He was seen by the apostles
9. That He was seen by me (Paul)

"That which I also received"

"You believed in vain"

The Scriptures

Our sins

1. Cephas
2. The Twelve
3. Over 500 brethren at once
4. James
5. All the apostles
6. Me (Paul)

The twelve

Cephas

On the third day

The greater part

The greater part remain to the present, but some have fallen asleep

Over 500

All the apostles

James

Some

1 Cor. 15:8

Who was the last one to see the resurrected Christ?

1 Cor. 15:8

Then _____ of _____ He was _____ by _____ also, as by _____ out of _____.

1 Cor. 15:8

Paul refers to his seeing the resurrected Christ as one born how?

1 Cor. 15:8

How does Paul refer to himself regarding his seeing Christ?

1 Cor. 15:9

Paul refers to himself as being what?

1 Cor. 15:9

In relation to the other apostles, Paul says "I am" what?

1 Cor. 15:9

Why does Paul say he is the least of the apostles and not worthy to be called an apostle?

1 Cor. 15:9

Because he persecuted the church of God, Paul says that he is what? (2 points)

1 Cor. 15:9

What did Paul persecute?

1 Cor. 15:9

Paul says that he is not worthy to be called what?

1 Cor. 15:10

By the grace of God, Paul says "I am" what?

1 Cor. 15:10

Paul says "I am what I am" by what?

1 Cor. 15:10

What was not in vain?

1 Cor. 15:10

The grace of God toward Paul was not what?

1 Cor. 15:10

What did Paul, or the grace of God which was in him, do "more abundantly than they all"?

last, all, seen, me, one,
born, due, time

Out of due time

Paul

The least of the
apostles

Born out of due time

As by one born out of
due time

The church of God

1. The least of the
apostles
2. Not worthy to be
called an apostle

"Because I persecuted
the church of God"

The grace of God
which was with me

What I am

An apostle

Labored

In vain

His grace
(The grace of God)

1 Cor. 15:10
What was with Paul?

1 Cor. 15:10
What does Paul say
"labored more abundantly
than they all"?

1 Cor. 15:10
"But by the ___ of ___ I
___ what I ___, and His ___
toward ___ was not in ___;
but I ___ more ___ than
they ___, yet not ___, but
the ___ of ___ which was
___ ___"

1 Cor. 15:11
Therefore, whether it was
___ or ___, so we ___
and so you ___.

1 Cor. 15:12
Paul asked that if Christ is
preached as being risen from
the dead, how could some of
them be saying what?

1 Cor. 15:13
If there is no resurrection
of the dead, then what?

1 Cor. 15:13
Christ is not risen, if
what?
(Similar to 1 Cor. 15:16)

1 Cor. 15:14
If Christ is not risen, then
what? (2 points)
(Compare with 1 Cor. 15:17)

1 Cor. 15:14
What is empty if Christ is
not risen? (2 points)

1 Cor. 15:14
Our preaching and your
faith is what if Christ is
not risen?

1 Cor. 15:14
Our preaching and faith
are empty if what?

1 Cor. 15:15
If Christ is not risen, then
Paul and the others who
preached are found to be
what?

1 Cor. 15:15
What did Paul and
others testify of?

1 Cor. 15:15
God did not raise up
Christ if what?

1 Cor. 15:16
If the dead do not rise,
then what?

grace, God, am, am,
grace, me, van, labored,
abundantly, all, I, grace,
God, with me

The grace of God

The grace of God

Christ is not risen

There is no resurrection
of the dead

I, they, preach,
believed

1. Our preaching
2. Your faith

3. Our preaching is
empty
4. Your faith is empty

If there is no
resurrection of the
dead

False witnesses of God

Christ is not risen

Empty

Christ is not risen

If the dead do not rise

Testified of God that
He raised up Christ

1 Cor. 15:16
Christ is not risen, if what?
(similar to 1 Cor. 15:13)

1 Cor. 15:17
If Christ is not risen,
your faith is what?

1 Cor. 15:17
Your faith is futile if what?

1 Cor. 15:17
If Christ is not risen,
then what? (2 points)
(Compare 1 Cor. 15:14)

1 Cor. 15:17
You are still in your sins
if what?

1 Cor. 15:18
If Christ is not risen, then
what of those who have
fallen asleep in Christ?

1 Cor. 15:18
Who have perished, if
Christ is not risen?

1 Cor. 15:14, 15, 17, 18, 19
List with verses, everything
that would result if Christ
was not risen? (7 points)

1 Cor. 15:19
We are of all men the most
pitiable if what?

1 Cor. 15:19
If we have only this life,
then we are what?

1 Cor. 15:19
If in this _____ only we
have _____ in _____, we
are of _____ the
most _____.

1 Cor. 15:20
Christ has become what?

1 Cor. 15:20
Christ is the firstfruits
of who?

1 Cor. 15:20
But _____ is _____
from the _____, and has
become the _____ of those
who have _____.

1 Cor. 15:21
What came by man?

If Christ is not risen

Futile

If the dead do not rise

They have perished

If Christ is not risen

1. Your faith is futile
2. You are still in your sins

If in this life only we have hope in Christ (i.e., we only have this life)

1. Our preaching is empty
2. Your faith is empty
3. We are found false witnesses of God
4. Your faith is futile
5. You are still in your sins
6. Those who have fallen asleep in Christ have perished
7. We are of all men the most pitiable

Those who have fallen asleep in Christ

The firstfruits of those who have fallen asleep

life, hope, Christ, all, men, pitiable

Of all men the most pitiable

Death

now, Christ, risen, dead, firstfruits, fallen asleep

Those who have fallen asleep

1 Cor. 15:21
What came by Man
(capital M)?

1 Cor. 15:21
For since by _____ came
_____, by _____ also came
the _____ of the _____.

1 Cor. 15:22
In Adam all what?

1 Cor. 15:22
In Christ all shall be what?

1 Cor. 15:22
All shall be made alive in
who?

1 Cor. 15:22
All die in who?

1 Cor. 15:22
For as in _____ all _____,
even so in _____ all shall be
made _____.

1 Cor. 15:23
What is first in the order
of the resurrection?

1 Cor. 15:23
What comes after Christ's
resurrection?

1 Cor. 15:23
When are "those who are
Christ's" resurrected?

1 Cor. 15:23
But each one in his own
_____: _____ the _____,
afterward _____ who are
_____ at His _____.

1 Cor. 15:13, 24
After the resurrection of
"those who are Christ's,"
what comes?

1 Cor. 15:24
Who will Christ deliver the
kingdom to?

1 Cor. 15:24
What will Christ put an end
to? (3 points)

1 Cor. 15:24
The end comes when Christ
does what?

All die

man, death, Man,
resurrection, dead

The resurrection of
the dead

In Adam

In Christ

Made alive

Those who are Christ's
at His coming

Christ the firstfruits

Adam, die, Christ, alive

The end

order, Christ,
firstfruits, those,
Christ's coming

At His coming

Delivers the kingdom to
God the Father

1. All rule
2. All authority
3. All power

God the Father

1 Cor. 15:25
Christ must reign till when?

1 Cor. 15:25
Christ must reign till He
has put all enemies where?

1 Cor. 15:25
Where will Christ's enemies
be put?

1 Cor. 15:26
What is the last enemy
destroyed?

1 Cor. 15:26
The _____ that will be
_____ is _____.

1 Cor. 15:27
Who is excepted from
being put under Christ's
feet?

1 Cor. 15:27
When he says "all things
are put under Him," what
is evident?

1 Cor. 15:28
Who will the Son Himself
be subject to?

1 Cor. 15:28
When will the Son Himself
be subject to "Him who put
all things under Him"?

1 Cor. 15:28
The Son Himself will be
subject to "Him who put all
things under Him" so that
God may be what?

1 Cor. 15:28
Who will be all in all?

1 Cor. 15:29, 30
What questions does Paul
ask? (3 points)

1 Cor. 15:31
What does Paul affirm?

1 Cor. 15:31
What does Paul boast in?

1 Cor. 15:31
How often does Paul die?

Under His feet

Under His feet

Till He has put all
enemies under His feet

He who put all things
under Him

last, enemy, destroyed,
death

Death

When all things are made
subject to Him

To Him who put all
things under Him

That He who put all
things under Him is
excepted

1. Otherwise, what will
they do who are
baptized for the dead,
if the dead do not rise
at all?
2. Why then are they
baptized for the dead?

God

All in all

Daily

"In you"

I die daily

1 Cor. 15:32
What did Paul say he fought at Ephesus?

1 Cor. 15:32
What question does Paul ask?

1 Cor. 15:32
If the dead do not rise, then "Let us" do what?

1 Cor. 15:32
"Let us eat and drink, for tomorrow we die!" if what does not happen?

1 Cor. 15:33
What does Paul want the Corinthian brethren not to be deceived about?

1 Cor. 15:33
"Evil company" does what?

1 Cor. 15:33
What corrupts good habits?

1 Cor. 15:34
Paul tells the Corinthian brethren to awake to what?

1 Cor. 15:34
Paul tells the Corinthian brethren to not do what?
(2 points)

1 Cor. 15:34
Paul says that some of the Corinthian brethren do not have what?

1 Cor. 15:34
Paul's speaking that the Corinthian brethren did not have the knowledge of God, was to their what?

1 Cor. 15:35
What questions will someone say?
(2 points)

1 Cor. 15:36
What you sow is not made alive unless what?

1 Cor. 15:36
Paul refers to the one questioning the resurrection as what?

1 Cor. 15:37
What is not sowed?

"Let us eat and drink,
for tomorrow we die!"

If, in the manner of
men, I have fought with
beasts at Ephesus,
what advantage is it to
me?

Beasts

Corrupts good habits

Evil company corrupts
good habits

If the dead do not rise

1. Awake to
righteousness
2. Do not sin

Righteousness

Evil company

1. How are the dead
raised up?
2. With what body do
they come?

Shame

The knowledge of God

The body that shall be

Foolish one

It dies

1 Cor. 15:37
What is sowed?

1 Cor. 15:38
How does the sowed grain
or seed become a body?

1 Cor. 15:38
How does God give the
body to the sowed grain or
seed?

1 Cor. 15:38
God gives to each seed its
own what?

1 Cor. 15:39
All flesh is not what?

1 Cor. 15:39
List the different kinds of
flesh? (4 points)

1 Cor. 15:40
What types of bodies are
there? (2 points)
(Don't confuse with vs. 44.)

1 Cor. 15:40
"the _____ of the _____ is
_____, and the _____ of the
_____ is another."

1 Cor. 15:41
List the things that have
different glory? (3 points)

1 Cor. 15:41
In what way does one star
differ from another star?

1 Cor. 15:41
What differs from another
in glory?

1 Cor. 15:42-44
List how the body is sown
and raised. (8 points)
(Give verses)

1 Cor. 15:44
"There is a _____ body, and
there is a _____ body."

1 Cor. 15:44
What types of bodies are
there? (2 points)
(Don't confuse with vs. 40.)

1 Cor. 15:45
What did the first man
Adam become?

As He pleases

God gives it a body as
He pleases

Mere grain

1. flesh of men
2. flesh of animals
3. flesh of fish
4. flesh of birds

The same flesh

Its own body

1. sun
2. moon
3. stars

glory, celestial, one,
glory, terrestrial

1. celestial bodies
2. terrestrial bodies

1. sown in corruption v. 42
2. raised in incorruption v. 42
3. sown in dishonor v. 43
4. raised in glory v. 43
5. sown in weakness v. 43
6. raised in power v. 43
7. down a natural body v. 44
8. raised a spiritual body v. 44

Stars

In glory

A living being

1. Natural
2. Spiritual

natural, spiritual

1 Cor. 15:45
The last Adam became a
what?

1 Cor. 15:45
Who became a life-giving
spirit?

1 Cor. 15:45
Who became a living being?

1 Cor. 15:46
What is "not first"?

1 Cor. 15:46
What is after the natural?

1 Cor. 15:46
What is first?

1 Cor. 15:47
What was the first man
made of?

1 Cor. 15:47
Who was of the earth?

1 Cor. 15:47
Who was made of dust?

1 Cor. 15:47
Who is the Lord from
heaven?

1 Cor. 15:47
The second Man is who?

1 Cor. 15:48
Those who are made of
dust are as who?

1 Cor. 15:48
Those who are heavenly
are as who?

1 Cor. 15:48
"As was the _____ of _____,
so also are those who are
_____ of _____; and as is
the _____, so also are
those who are _____."

1 Cor. 15:49
We shall bear the image of
the heavenly Man, as we
have borne what?

The first man Adam

The last Adam

Life-giving spirit

The natural

The spiritual

The spiritual

The first man

The first man

Dust

The man of dust

The Lord from heaven

The second Man

The image of
the man of dust

man, dust, made, dust,
heavenly, Man, heavenly

The heavenly Man

1 Cor. 15:49
We have borne the image
of who ?

1 Cor. 15:49
We shall bear the image of
who?

1 Cor. 15:50
What cannot inherit the
kingdom of God?

1 Cor. 15:50
What can flesh and blood
not inherit?

1 Cor. 15:50
Corruption does not inherit
what?

1 Cor. 15:50
Incorruption is not
inherited from what?

1 Cor. 15:51
What does Paul say he is
telling them?

1 Cor. 15:51
What is the mystery?

1 Cor. 15:51
We shall not all what?

1 Cor. 15:51
We shall all be what?

1 Cor. 15:51
Behold, I _____ you a _____:
We shall _____ all _____,
but _____ shall all be _____.

1 Cor. 15:51
How many will be changed?

1 Cor. 15:51
T or F
We shall all sleep.

1 Cor. 15:51, 52
When shall we all be
changed?

1 Cor. 15:51, 52
How shall we all be
changed? (2 points)

Flesh and blood

The heavenly Man

The man of dust

Corruption

Incorruption

The kingdom of God

Sleep

We shall not all sleep,
but we shall all be
changed

A mystery

All

tell, mystery, not,
sleep, we, changed

Changed

1. In a moment
2. In the twinkling of
an eye

At the last trump

False

1 Cor. 15:52
What will sound?

1 Cor. 15:52
When the trumpet will
sound, what will happen to
the dead?

1 Cor. 15:52
How will the dead be
raised?

1 Cor. 15:52
We shall be what?

1 Cor. 15:52
"In a _____, in a _____ of
an _____, at the _____
_____. For the _____ will
_____, and the _____ will be
_____, and we shall be
_____."

1 Cor. 15:52
We shall be changed at
which trumpet?

1 Cor. 15:53
This corruptible must put
on what?

1 Cor. 15:53
This mortal must put on
what?

1 Cor. 15:53
Who must put on
immortality?

1 Cor. 15:53
What must put on
incorruption?

1 Cor. 15:53
"For this _____ must put
on _____, and this _____
must put on _____."

1 Cor. 15:54
The saying "Death is
swallowed up in victory"
will come to pass when what
happens? (2 points)

1 Cor. 15:54
When this corruptible has
put on incorruption, and
this mortal has put on
immortality, then what
shall be brought to pass?

1 Cor. 15:54
What will be swallowed up
in victory?

1 Cor. 15:54
"Death is swallowed up in"
what?

Incorruptible

The dead will be
raised incorruptible

The trumpet

The last

moment, twinkling,
eye, last, trump,
trumpet, sound, dead,
raised, incorruptible,
changed

Changed

This mortal

Immortality

Incorruption

1. This corruptible
has put on
incorruption
2. This mortal has put
on immortality

corruptible,
incorruption, mortal,
immortality

This corruptible

Victory

Death

The saying that is
written: "Death is
swallowed up in
victory."

1 Cor. 15:55

"O _____, where is your
_____? O _____, where is
your _____?"

1 Cor. 15:55

What questions are asked
of Death and Hades?
(2 points)

1 Cor. 15:56

What is the sting of
death?

1 Cor. 15:56

What is the strength of
sin?

1 Cor. 15:56

Paul says what is sin?

1 Cor. 15:56

Paul says what is the law?

1 Cor. 15:57

God gives us the victory
through who?

1 Cor. 15:57

Thanks be to who?

1 Cor. 15:57

What does God give us
through our Lord Jesus
Christ?

1 Cor. 15:58

Paul tells the Corinthian
brethren to be what?
(3 points)

1 Cor. 15:58

What does Paul want the
Corinthian brethren to
know?

1 Cor. 15:58

What is not in vain in the
Lord?

2 Cor. 2:1

What did Paul determine
within himself?

2 Cor. 2:1

How did Paul not want to
come to the Corinthians?

2 Cor. 2:2

If Paul makes them
sorrowful, then who is he
who makes him glad?

Sin

1. O Death, where is your sting?
2. O Hades, where is your victory?

Death, sting, Hades, victory

The strength of sin

The sting of death

The law

The victory

God

Our Lord Jesus Christ

Your labor

"That your labor is not in vain in the Lord"

1. Steadfast
2. Immovable
3. Always abounding in the work of the Lord

"The one who is made sorrowful by me"

In sorrow

That I would not come again to you in sorrow