

1 Cor. 16:22

If anyone does not love the Lord Jesus Christ, let him be what?

1 Cor. 16:22

Let who be accursed?

1 Cor. 16:22

Fill in the blanks

If anyone does not \_\_\_\_\_ the Lord Jesus Christ, let him be \_\_\_\_\_. O Lord, \_\_\_\_\_!

1 Cor. 16:23, 24

In closing his letter, Paul said that what "be with you"? (2 points)  
(Designate verses.)

1 Cor. 16:23

Fill in the blanks.

The \_\_\_\_\_ of our \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ be with you.

1 Cor. 16:24

Fill in the blanks.

My \_\_\_\_\_ be with you \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_.  
Amen.

1 Cor. 16:14

Fill in the blanks.

Let \_\_\_\_\_ that you \_\_\_\_\_ be done with \_\_\_\_\_.

2 Cor. 1:1

Whose names are in the salutation to the letter?  
(2 points)

2 Cor. 1:1

What is Paul called?

2 Cor. 1:1

Whose will is it that Paul be an apostle of Jesus Christ?

2 Cor. 1:1

Who is Timothy?

2 Cor. 1:1

Who is 2 Corinthians addressed to?

2 Cor. 1:1

2 Corinthians is addressed to the church of God which is at Corinth, with all the saints who are where?

2 Cor. 1:2

Grace and peace come from who? (2 points)

2 Cor. 1:2

What comes from God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ? (2 points)

love, accursed, come

Anyone who does not love  
the Lord Jesus Christ

Accursed

love, all, Christ, Jesus

grace, Lord, Jesus,  
Christ

(1) The grace of the  
Lord Jesus Christ (vs. 23)  
(2) My love (vs. 24)

An apostle of Jesus Christ

(1) Paul  
(2) Timothy

all, do, love

To the church of God  
which is at Corinth,  
with all the saints  
who are in all Achaia

Our brother

God

(1) Grace  
(2) Peace

(1) God our Father  
(2) The Lord Jesus  
Christ

In all Achaia

2 Cor. 1:3  
Paul writes "blessed be"  
who?

2 Cor. 1:3  
The Father of our Lord  
Jesus Christ is the  
Father of what?

2 Cor. 1:3  
How does Paul describe  
God? (3 points)

2 Cor. 1:3  
The Father of our Lord  
Jesus Christ is God of all  
what?

2 Cor. 1:4  
What does God do in all  
our tribulation?

2 Cor. 1:4  
Why does God comfort  
us in all our tribulation?

2 Cor. 1:4  
What do we comfort  
those who are in any  
trouble with?

2 Cor. 1:4  
Who do we comfort with  
"the comfort with which  
we ourselves are  
comforted by God"?

2 Cor. 1:5  
What abound in us?  
(2 points)

2 Cor. 1:5  
As the sufferings of  
Christ abound in us, what  
happens?

2 Cor. 1:5  
What also abounds in us  
as we face sufferings?

2 Cor. 1:5  
Our consolation abounds  
through who?

2 Cor. 1:6  
Paul wrote that "if we  
are afflicted," it is for  
what? (2 points)

2 Cor. 1:6  
The consolation and  
salvation which "we are  
afflicted" with is  
effective for what?

2 Cor. 1:6  
Paul wrote that "if we  
are comforted" it is for  
what? (2 points)

(1) The God and Father  
of our Lord Jesus Christ  
(2) the Father of mercies  
(3) God of all comfort

Mercies

(1) The God and Father of  
our Lord Jesus Christ,  
(2) the Father of mercies  
and (3) God of all comfort

That we may be able to  
comfort those who are in  
any trouble, with the  
comfort with which we  
ourselves are comforted  
by God.

Comforts us

Comfort

(1) The sufferings of  
Christ  
(2) Consolation

Those who are in  
any trouble

The comfort with which  
we ourselves are  
comforted by God

Christ

Our consolation

So our consolation also  
abounds through Christ

(1) your consolation  
(2) your salvation

Enduring the same  
sufferings which we also  
suffered

(1) your consolation  
(2) your salvation

2 Cor. 1:7

Paul writes, "our hope for you is" what?

2 Cor. 1:7

What is steadfast?

2 Cor. 1:7

Why is "our hope for you steadfast"?

2 Cor. 1:7

Paul writes, "we know that as you are partakers of the sufferings, so also you will partake of" what?

2 Cor. 1:7

You will partake of the consolation, as you are partakers of what?

2 Cor. 1:8

Paul writes, "we do not want you to be ignorant" of what?

2 Cor. 1:8

Where did trouble come "to us"?

2 Cor. 1:8

What did the trouble in Asia cause?

2 Cor. 1:8

Describe the burden the trouble in Asia caused. (3 points)

2 Cor. 1:9

In Asia, what did they have "in ourselves"?

2 Cor. 1:9

The sentence of death caused them to do what?

2 Cor. 1:9

What does God do?

2 Cor. 1:10

What did God deliver them from?

2 Cor. 1:10

What did and does God do?

2 Cor. 1:10

What did they trust that God will still do?

Because we know that  
as you are partakers  
of the sufferings, so  
also you will partake  
of the consolation

Our hope for you

Steadfast

Our trouble which  
came to us in Asia

The sufferings

The consolation

(1) beyond measure  
(2) above strength  
(3) so that we  
despaired even of life

Burden

In Asia

Raises the dead

Not trust in ourselves  
but in God who raises  
the dead

The sentence of death

Deliver us

Deliver us

So great a death

2 Cor. 1:11  
How can the Corinthian brethren help?

2 Cor. 1:11  
Through prayer, what does Paul want to be given by many persons?

2 Cor. 1:11  
Paul would like thanks to be given for what?

2 Cor. 1:12  
Paul writes that "our boasting" is what?

2 Cor. 1:12  
The "testimony of our conscience" testifies to what?

2 Cor. 1:12  
Paul writes that "we conducted ourselves in the world in" what?  
(2 points)

2 Cor. 1:12  
Paul writes that "we conducted ourselves in the world" not with what?

2 Cor. 1:12  
Paul writes that "we conducted ourselves in the world" by what?

2 Cor. 1:12  
Paul writes that "we conducted ourselves" how toward the Corinthian brethren?  
(5 points)

2 Cor. 1:13  
Paul writes that "we are not writing any other things to you than" what?

2 Cor. 1:13, 14  
Paul trusts that the Corinthian brethren will do what?

2 Cor. 1:13  
Paul trusts that the Corinthian brethren will understand until when?

2 Cor. 1:14  
Paul writes that in the day of the Lord Jesus, "we are" what?

2 Cor. 1:14  
Paul writes that in the day of the Lord Jesus, "we are your boast as" what?

2 Cor. 1:14  
Paul writes that the Corinthian brethren "have understood us" how?

The gift granted to us  
through many

Thanks

In prayer for us

- (1) simplicity
- (2) godly sincerity

That we conducted  
ourselves in the world  
in simplicity and godly  
sincerity

The testimony of  
our conscience

- (1) In simplicity
- (2) In godly sincerity
- (3) not with fleshly  
wisdom
- (4) by the grace of  
God
- (5) more abundantly  
toward you

The grace of God

Fleshly wisdom

The end

Understand, even to  
the end, that we are  
your boast as you also  
are ours, in the day of  
the Lord

What you read or  
Understand

In part

As you also are ours

Your boast



2 Cor. 1:14  
When will the Corinthian brethren boast of Paul?

2 Cor. 1:14  
When will Paul boast of the Corinthian brethren?

2 Cor. 1:16  
How did Paul intend to come to Corinth?

2 Cor. 1:15, 16  
Paul had intended to come to Corinth "by way of you to Macedonia" so that they might have what?

2 Cor. 1:16  
Paul had intended to come to Corinth on his way to where?

2 Cor. 1:16  
Paul had intended to come again to Corinth when he would leave where?

2 Cor. 1:16  
Paul hoped to be helped by the Corinthian brethren on his way to where?

2 Cor. 1:16  
Where did Paul intend to go after he went to Corinth, then to Macedonia, then back to Corinth?

2 Cor. 1:17  
Paul suggests by his questions that he did not plan his trip how?  
(2 points)

2 Cor. 1:17  
What 2 questions does Paul ask concerning his plans to visit Corinth?

2 Cor. 1:17  
What phrase does Paul use to express being undecided or waffling?

2 Cor. 1:18  
Paul writes that "our word to you was not" what?

2 Cor. 1:18  
Paul writes that "our word to you was not Yes and No" but was as what?

2 Cor. 1:19  
What did Paul, Silvanus, and Timothy preach among the Corinthians?

2 Cor. 1:19  
Who preached the Son of God, Jesus Christ, among the Corinthians?  
(3 points)

To pass by way of  
Corinth to Macedonia,  
then to come again  
from Macedonia to  
Corinth

In the day of the  
Lord Jesus

In the day of the  
Lord Jesus

Macedonia

Macedonia

A second benefit

(1) Lightly  
(2) Not according  
to the flesh

Judea

Judea

Yes and No

Yes, Yes, and No, No

(1) When I was planning  
this, did I do it lightly?  
(2) Or the things I plan,  
do I plan according to  
the flesh, that with me  
there should be Yes,  
Yes, and No, No?

(1) Paul  
(2) Silvanus  
(3) Timothy

The Son of God,  
Jesus Christ

God is faithful

2 Cor. 1:19  
Jesus Christ was not  
what?

2 Cor. 1:19  
Who was not Yes and No?

2 Cor. 1:19  
Jesus was not Yes and No.  
In Him was what?

2 Cor. 1:19  
"Yes" was in who?

2 Cor. 1:20  
All the promises of God in  
Jesus are what?

2 Cor. 1:20  
Fill in the blanks:  
For all the \_\_\_\_\_ of God  
\_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_\_\_,  
and in Him \_\_\_\_\_, to the  
\_\_\_\_\_ of God \_\_\_\_\_  
us.

2 Cor. 1:20  
All the promises of God  
are Yes in who?

2 Cor. 1:20  
All the promises of God  
in Him are to the glory of  
God through who?

2 Cor. 1:20  
All the promises of God  
in Him give what to God  
through us "in Him"?

2 Cor. 1:21  
Who establishes "us with  
you in Christ and has  
anointed us"?

2 Cor. 1:21  
God does what and has  
done what?  
(2 points)

2 Cor. 1:21  
Paul writes that God  
establishes "us with"  
who?

2 Cor. 1:21  
Who anointed Paul?

2 Cor. 1:21  
What does God establish?

2 Cor. 1:21, 22  
What does God do?  
(4 points)  
(Designate verses.)

Yes

The Son of God,  
Jesus Christ

Yes and No

Promises, in, Him, Yes,  
Amen, glory, through

Yes

The Son of God,  
Jesus Christ

Glory

Us

Him  
(Jesus Christ)

You in Christ

(1) Establishes us with  
you in Christ  
(2) Has anointed us

God

Vs. 21--

(1) establishes us with  
you in Christ

(2) Has anointed us

Vs. 22--

(3) Has sealed us

(4) Has given us the  
Spirit in our hearts as a  
guarantee

Us with you in Christ

God

2 Cor. 1:22  
Who has sealed us and given us the Spirit?

2 Cor. 1:22  
Where has God given us the Spirit?

2 Cor. 1:22  
God has given the Spirit in our hearts as a what?

2 Cor. 1:22  
What has God given as a guarantee?

2 Cor. 1:23  
Why did Paul not come to Corinth earlier?

2 Cor. 1:23  
What does Paul call as a witness against his soul?

2 Cor. 1:23  
Paul called God as a what?

2 Cor. 1:23  
What did Paul call God as a witness to?

2 Cor. 1:24  
Paul writes that "we" do not "have dominion" over what?

2 Cor. 1:24  
Paul writes that "we" are what?

2 Cor. 1:24  
Paul writes that "we are fellow workers for" what?

2 Cor. 1:24  
Fill in the Blanks  
For by \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_.

2 Cor. 1:24  
How do "you stand"?

2 Cor. 1:24  
By faith you do what?  
(Don't confuse with 2 Cor. 5:7.)

2 Cor. 5:1  
If our earthly house is destroyed, what do we have?

Guarantee

In our hearts

God

God

"To spare you"

The Spirit in our hearts

Your faith

"That to spare you I  
came no more to  
Corinth."

Witness against my soul

faith, stand

Your joy

Fellow workers for  
your joy

A building from God

Stand

By faith